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#### Thank you

Thank you to Konfidence for supporting our Water Safety Advice Booklet.

Having fun and being safe in the water is an important part of our charitable message and swim products like the Original Konfidence Jacket play an important part in the learn to swim journey. They help to give participants independence and confidence in and around the water, when away from their swimming lessons.





## Introduction

#### For Parents and Teachers:

Help your children develop water safety awareness and lifesaving skills by going through this booklet with them. It is important for vital information to be understood and for any questions to be answered. We recommend discussing the messages with the children and how it may apply to them.

#### DID YOU KNOW?

There are an estimated 236,000 annual drowning deaths worldwide and we need your help to make a change.

"It's not enough just to know how to swim; most people who drown accidentally every year, are actually strong swimmers".

"Being aware of how you and your children can stay safe in and around water is crucial. We've created this booklet to help your children / participants enjoy the water safely and know how they can identify dangers in a water environment."

**Dave Candler, STA CEO** 



## STAnley Says...

Welcome to STA'S Water Safety booklet, it'S great to have you here!

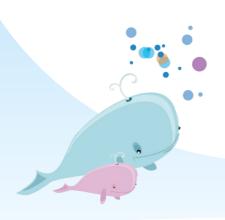
Are you ready to learn about water Safety?

This booklet is jam packed with fun activities to help you learn about how to Stay Safe in and around water (this means in the Swimming pool, on the beach, by the river, at home and on holiday).

Tell an adult about what you've learnt along the way and ask them any questions if you need help.

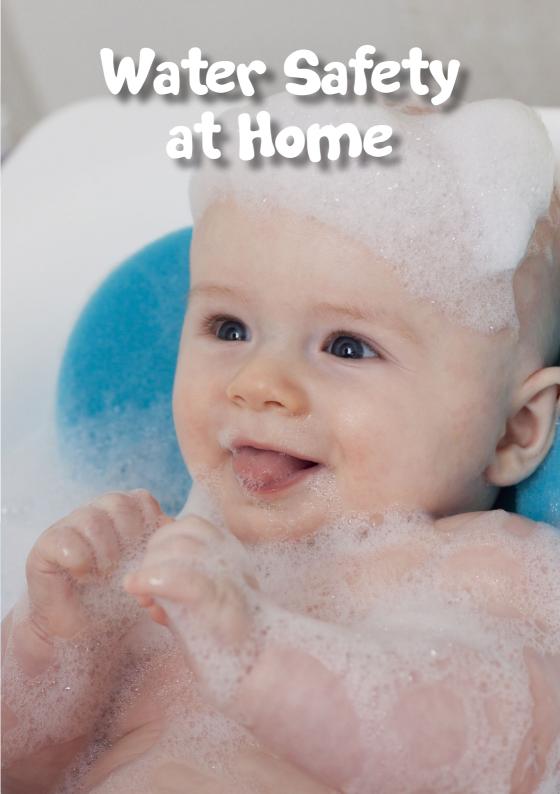
Stay water Safe!

**STAnley** 









## Water Safety at Home



## FACT: People can drown in just 2cm of water

Make sure anything containing water in your home is emptied after it's used and make sure an adult is always with you when around water at home.



## Can you match these household hazards with the action you could take to make if Safe?



**Baths** 





**Fishponds** 



Wash basins



Washing machines



**Paddling pools** 

Cover with a secure lid

Children should not be left playing unsupervised in these, empty and put away after use

Empty after use and remove the plug

Children should be supervised at all times, empty and remove the plug after use

Check these are empty after use and store away from children

Keep the door shut at all times

Fence these off and cover with mesh



Water butts



**Buckets** 



## Water Safety at Home



## Can you find all the words?

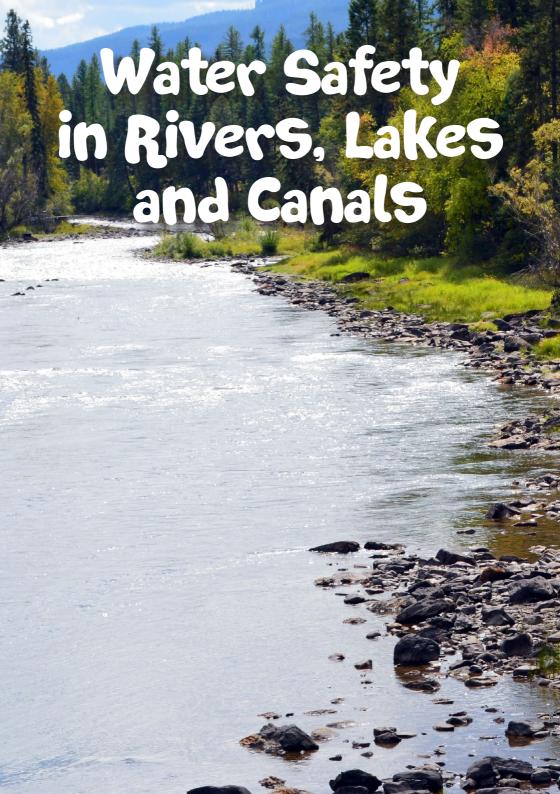
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1	N	S	D	K	0	N	B	C	N	M	V	M	U	F
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X	L	l	S	T	T	1	H	L	S	T	V	F	E	G
T	S	Q	L	H	Z	C	L	K	D	Y	M	N	R	N
P	A	F	P	E	A	0	B	F	L	D	Q	L	V	1
H	L	L	S	M	T	R	E	V	0	C	A	J	1	H
W	U	E	L	G	l	P	S	D	N	R	X	P	S	S
G	V	A	H	Y	B	S	T	Q	M	G	V	Q		A
F	B	R	N	1	J	X	P	H	S	W	P	S	0	W
E	E	S	A	C	C	X	Q	T	Z	H	L	U	N	G
D	7	0	P	H	S		F	A	V	E	U	B	W	0
E	S	N	K	0	U	0	T	B	Q	S	G	T	P	E
U	F	J	G	P	R	N	N	X	S	A	P	D	Y	S
Q	B	F	X	D	P	V	P	T	A	D	0	Q	F	G



BUCKETS COVER FISHPOND HELP POOL PADDLING PLUG SINK WASHING

ADULT BATH BATHPLUG EMPTY SUPERVISION





## Water Safety in Rivers, Lakes and Canals

# What you Should Know about Swimming in Rivers | Lakes | Canals Keyword: Cold Water Shock

FACT: Just because it's hot and sunny doesn't mean the water will be too.

Cold water shock is the body's natural response to being in cold water (below 15 °C).

The cold temperature causes blood vessels in the skin to close, which restricts blood flow and means the heart has to work harder. Cold water shock can therefore cause heart attacks, even in the relatively young and healthy.

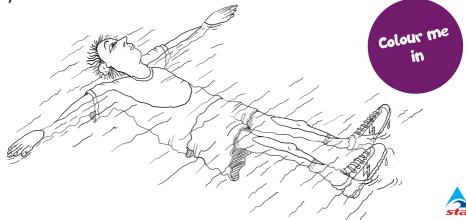
Cold water shock also causes an involuntary gasp for breath and breathing rates can increase uncontrollably which can cause panic and increase the chances of breathing water into the lungs which can result in drowning.

If you fall in to cold water, you may experience cold water shock. This means you will:

- Find it hard to breathe
- Gasp for air
- Muscles may cramp
- Find it difficult to think
- Suffer heart pain (your heart works harder when you're cold).

## What to do if you end up in cold water:

Float for a minute leaning back in the water and keeping your airway i.e. nose / mouth clear so you can control your breathing and to keep calm. Call for help or swim to safety if you're able.



## Water Safety in Rivers, Lakes and Canals

## Environments where cold water might be present:

Match the pictures to the correct environment

- 1. Lake
- 2. Canal
- 3. Beach
- 4. River
- 5. Reservoirs
- 6. Quarries

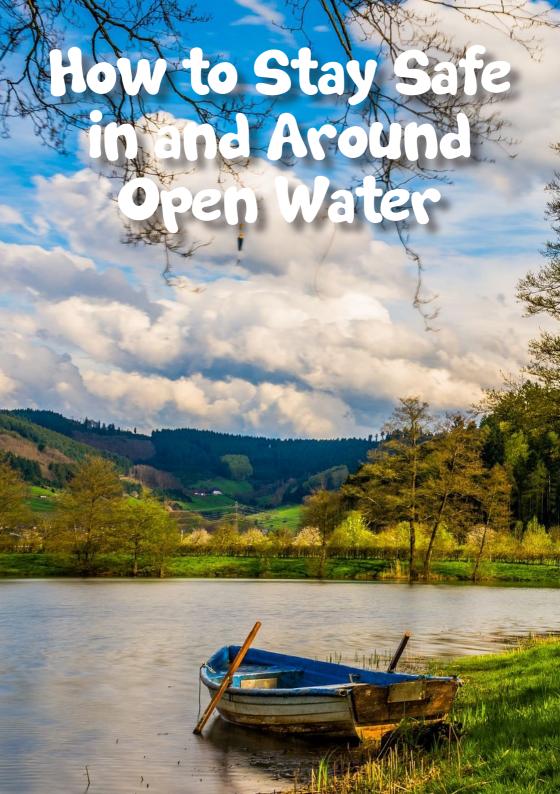




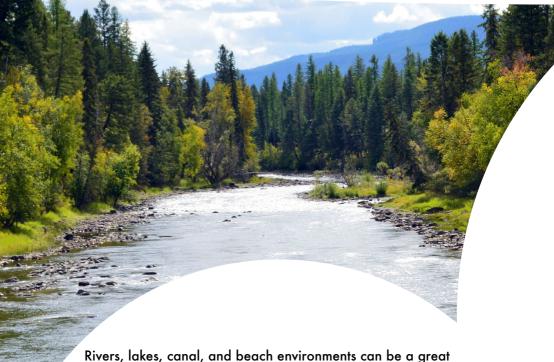
#### Did you know:

These environments are known as locations with 'open water.'





How to Stay Safe in and Around
Open Water



day out, but only if you follow these rules:

- Always go with an adult
- Pay attention to warning signs
- Do not enter fast flowing water
- Know how to call for help.

#### Be aware of:

- Slippery and unstable edges
- Calm water may have strong currents
- Dangers in the water e.g. rubbish, rocks, rusty metals, tree branches
- Safety equipment around the area
- Unknown depths of water
- Avoid water that is frozen, do not play on the ice.



## How to Stay Safe in and Around Open Water

## What to do if you See Someone Struggling in Water outdoorS

#### Never get in the water yourSelf and Stay back from the edge

- Ask if they need help (if they don't answer or say yes, call for help)
- 2. Find help from an adult or coastguard nearby if you are by the beach
- 3. Or call emergency services if no one is around (999 / 112) and ask for the coastguard if by the beach or fire and rescue if inland
- 4. Find anything that can float (e.g. water bottle, football etc.) and throw or reach it to the casualty and from the water's edge.

### What to do if you fall into in open water:

- 1. Float on your back
- 2. Keep your airway i.e nose / mouth clear of the water
- 3. Try to control your breathing
- 4. Call for help or swim to safety if you're able.





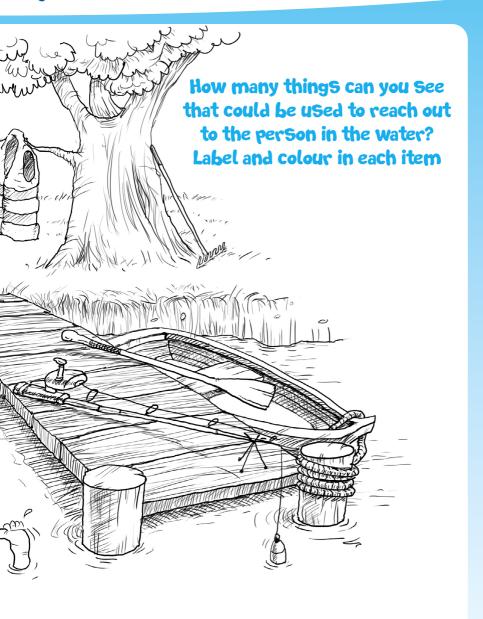
# Can STAnley Ho





## 13

# elp His Friend?







## Water Safety on Holiday



## How can you Stay water Safe on holiday?



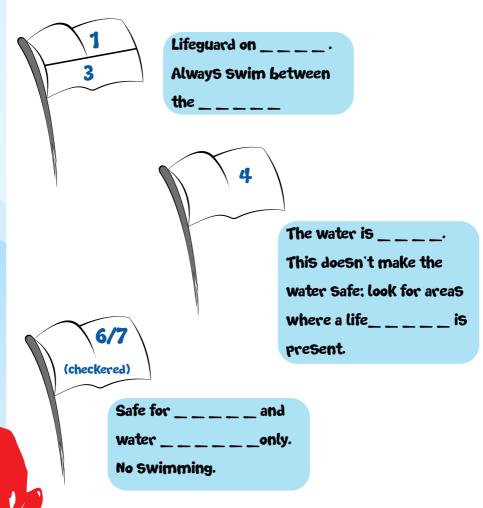
#### Think about:

- Beach Flags and what they mean
- What is the number for the local emergency Services?
- Is there a lifeguard by the pool or beach?
- Are warning SignS in EngliSh?





## Do You Know What the



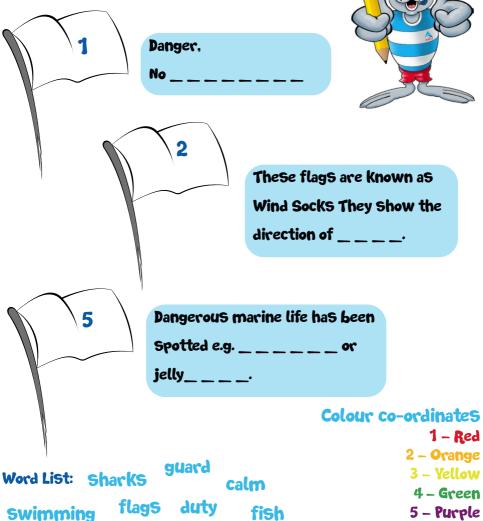
Tip: If you're unsure if the water is Safe to Swim in, ask a lifeguard.



## Water Safety on Holiday



# Beach Flags Mean?



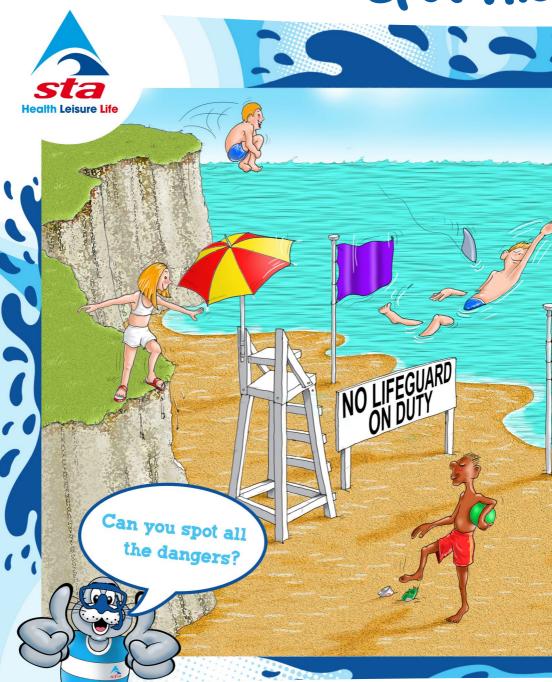
boats wind crafts



6 - Black

7-Wille

# Spot The





# Dangers







# What to look for to Stay Safe at the beach:

#### Waves

A strong wave could knock you off your feet in shallow water. Always be careful as waves can drag you out to sea in a matter of seconds.

#### What do Strong waveS look like?

 Strong waves are caused by strong winds and can be noticed by their height.

#### Tides

Tides occur when the water level changes throughout the day. You will notice that the water creeps up the sand further during the day and a few hours later, the water level will go down again. These movements are a regular cycle and are known as tides.

#### To avoid getting dragged into the water by a tide:

- Make sure it's safe by checking the 'tide tables' (these can be found in the tourist centre or the weather news – the hotel might even be able to help)
- Look out for any beach flags and warning signs.





## Water Safety on Holiday



#### **RIP Currents**

Rip currents are strong currents running out to sea. They can quickly pull swimmers away from shore and into deep water.

They can be difficult to spot but often look like the safest / calmest, most appealing area.

#### How to identify a rip current:

A channel of flat, darker water surrounded by choppy, churning water.

## If you enter a rip current, what do you need to do?

- 1. Stay calm
- 2. Call for help, raising your hand
- 3. If you can stand, wade don't swim
- 4. If you can't stand, swim parallel to the shore, don't try to swim against it
- 5. When free of the rip current, swim to shore.



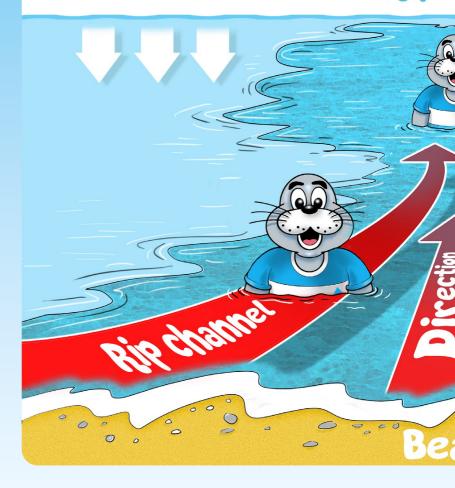


# STAnley Has Been Caus

He's raised his arm to get the lifeguar

Incoming waves

Rip





# ght Up in a Rip Current



ds attention. What should he do now?

nead

Incoming waves



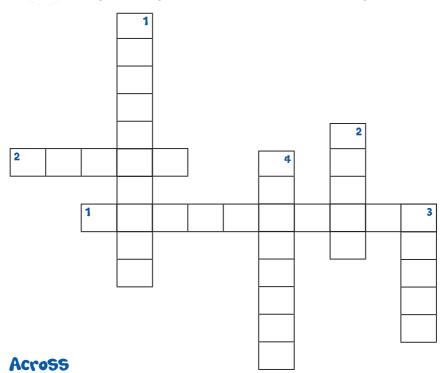
Complete a Set of instructions for

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)



## Waves, Tides & Rip Currents

Put your Knowledge to the test
Can you complete the cross word correctly?



- 1. This can be noticed in the safest / calmest, most appealing water
- 2. Warning signs to look for at a beach.

#### Down

- 1. The speed of what causes waves?
- 2. These can be seen by their height
- 3. Water creeps up the sand further during the day and a few hours later, the water level will go down again. What is this known as?
- 4. Which direction of the shore do you swim if you get dragged into a Rip current?



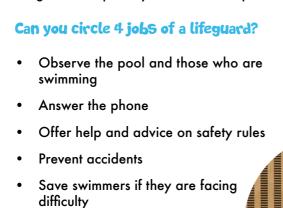


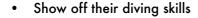
## Water Safety at the Pool

Swimming pools can be the safest places to swim and many of you may already be taking lessons. What's your favourite stroke?

## Do you know what a lifeguard is?

Lifeguards keep everyone safe in the pool.









## Water Safety at the Pool



# What colour T-Shirt do lifeguards wear?

Colour the t-Shirt below in the correct colour



#### Remember:

Only swim when a lifeguard is present.



# Spot the Danger





# 5 in the Pool



2**r5!** Can you circle and number the Dangers in the activity?



1. Children Should always be Supervised by an adult

2. Beware of water depth

- 3. Don't dive where 'No diving' SignS are present
  - 4. The rules for Slides
  - 5. Take care on Slippery floorS



- 6. Don't bomb
- 7. No ducking
  - 8. No Shouting
    - 9. No pushing
      - 10. Don't practice acrobatics in the pool
        - 11. Don't run
          - 12. No drinking or eating



# Things to remember when Swimming in a pool:

· Always swim with an adult or a friend

 Find out the depth of the water where you Swim

Don't dive; Only jump in, feet firSt

Do not push others

Don't play or Swim near drains, rails or Steps or you may become trapped

Walk, don't run

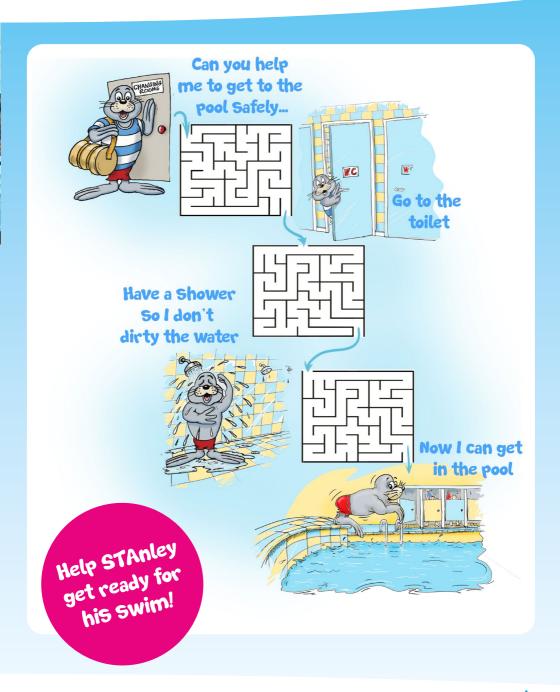
 Find out where to get help in an emergency

Always listen to the lifeguard.











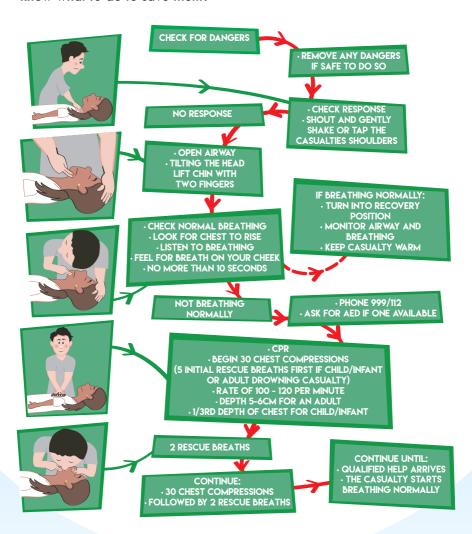


## Can You Save a Life?

## Do you know how to Save a life?

#### Scenario:

You've spotted your friend who's just had an accident. They're unconscious (and breathing) and an adult isn't available. Would you know what to do to save them?





Can you put a definition under the following Key words using the information in this booklet?

**Open Water** 

**Cold Water Shock** 

Lifeguard5

Rip Current

TideS

Wave5

Beach Flags







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## **Answers**

Children should be supervised at all times, empty and remove the plug after use
Children should not be left playing unsupervised in these, empty and put away after use
Check these are empty after use and store away from children
Fence these off and cover with mesh
Empty after use and remove the plug
Keep the door shut at all times
Cover with a secure lid
Action

saths	Children should be supervised at all times, empty and remove the plug after use
Paddling pools	Children should not be left playing unsupervised in these, empty and put away after use
Buckets	Check these are empty after use and store away from children
sbnoqdsi	Fence these off and cover with mesh
wash basins	Empty after use and remove the plug
Washing Machines	Keep the door shut at all times
Water butts	Cover with a secure lid
p6euj	Action

#### 1. Lake - A

Can STAnley help his friend? (Page 12)

4. River - B

6. Quarries - F

(81 ages) evagened off toge

Orange Flag - wind Red Flag - swimming

:syewsnA

Tree Branch уаке JDΟ Lifebuoy Ring Fishing Rod Ţiţeĺαckeţ :syewsnA

Red and Yellow Flag - duty, flags

Green Flag – safe, guard Black and White Checkered flag – boats and crafts

Do you know what the beach flags mean? (Page 16)

5. Reservoirs - E

3. Beach - D

2. Canal - C

#### Environments where cold water might be present (Page 8)

Baths	Children should be supervised at all times, empty and remove the plug after use
Paddling pools	Children should not be left playing unsupervised in these, empty and put away after use
Buckets	Check these are empty after use and store away from children
sbnoqdsi7	Fence these off and cover with mesh
Wash basins	Empty after use and remove the plug
Washing Machines	Keep the door shut at all times
Mater butts	Cover with a secure lid
agem1	Action





## **Answers**

#### STAnley has been caught up in a Rip Current (Page 22)

3) If he can't swim, go with the rip current

4) Stay calm and swim back to shore

Waves, Tides & Rip Currents (Page 24)

Spot the dangers in the pool (Page 28)

What colour T-Shirt do Lifeguards wear? (Page 27)

#### :s19wsnA

1. Ripcurrent

2. Flags

2. Waves

3. Tides

4. Parallel

Yellow :newsnA

I. Strongwind

Down

**SSOTOA** 

2) Swim parallel to the shore

1) Check the direction of the rip current

Cold Water Shock - If you fall into cold water, you may experience cold water shock. This means you will find

una pour trun

Beach Flags - These tell you where and when it's safe to swim.

Lifeguards - A lifeguard keeps everyone safe in the pool.

Tides - Tides occur when water level changes throughout the day. Rip Current - Strong currents of water that pull swimmers away from shore.

Open Water - Environment where cold water might be present.

Waves - Waves are caused by wind speed and can be noticed by their height.

it hard to breathe, gasp for air, muscles might cramp, find it hard to think and suffer heart pain.

Can you put a definition under the following key words using the information in this booklet? (Page 34)

Dangers! can you circle and m

Spot the Dangers in the Yoo

## STAnley'S Water Safety Code of Advice



1. Spot the Dangers

Water may look Safe, but it can be dangerous; learn to Spot and Keep away from dangers. You may Swim well in a warm indoor pool, but that does not mean that you'd be able to Swim in open water.

## 2. Take Safety Advice

Special flags and notices may warn you of danger. Know what the Signs mean and do what they tell you.

## 3. Don't go Alone

Children Should always go with an adult, not by themselves. An adult may be able to point out dangers or help if Someone gets into trouble.

## 4. Learn how to Help

You may be able to help yourself and others if you know what to do in an emergency.

